

FEATURES

Low V_{OS} : 75 μ V Max Low V_{OS} Drift: 1.3 μ V/°C Max Ultra-Stable vs. Time: 1.5 μ V/Month Max Low Noise: 0.6 μ V p-p Max Wide Input Voltage Range: ±14 V Wide Supply Voltage Range: 3 V to 18 V Fits 725,108A/308A, 741, AD510 Sockets 125°C Temperature-Tested Dice

APPLICATIONS

Wireless Base Station Control Circuits Optical Network Control Circuits Instrumentation Sensors and Controls Thermocouples RTDs Strain Bridges Shunt Current Measurements Precision Filters

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The OP07 has very low input offset voltage (75 μ V max for OP07E) which is obtained by trimming at the wafer stage. These low offset voltages generally eliminate any need for external nulling. The OP07 also features low input bias current (±4 nA for OP07E) and high open-loop gain (200 V/mV for OP07E). The low offsets and high open-loop gain make the OP07 particularly useful for high-gain instrumentation applications.

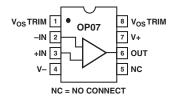
The wide input voltage range of ± 13 V minimum combined with high CMRR of 106 dB (OP07E) and high input impedace provides high accuracy in the noninverting circuit configuration. Excellent linearity and gain accuracy can be maintained even at

Ultralow Offset Voltage Operational Amplifiers

OP07

PIN CONNECTIONS

Epoxy Mini-Dip (P-Suffix) 8-Pin SO (S-Suffix)



high closed-loop gains. Stability of offsets and gain with time or variations in temperature is excellent. The accuracy and stability of the OP07, even at high gain, combined with the freedom from external nulling have made the OP07 an industry standard for instrumentation applications.

The OP07 is available in two standard performance grades. The OP07E is specified for operation over the 0°C to 70°C range, and OP07C over the -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

The OP07 is available in epoxy 8-lead Mini-DIP and 8-lead SOIC. It is a direct replacement for 725,108A, and OP05 amplifiers; 741-types may be directly replaced by removing the 741's nulling potentiometer. For improved specifications, see the OP177 or OP1177. For ceramic DIP and TO-99 packages and standard micro circuit (SMD) versions, see the OP77.

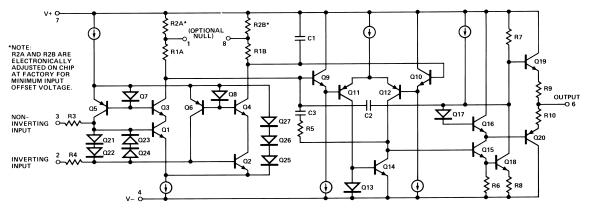


Figure 1. Simplified Schematic

REV. A

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OP07–SPECIFICATIONS

OP07E ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_s = \pm 15 V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Input Offset Voltage ¹	Vos			30	75	μV
Long-Term V _{OS} Stability ²	V _{OS} /Time			0.3	1.5	μV/Mo
Input Offset Current	I _{OS}			0.5	3.8	nA
Input Bias Current	IB			± 1.2	± 4.0	nA
Input Noise Voltage	e _n p-p	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz^{3}		0.35	0.6	μV p-p
Input Noise Voltage Density	e _n	$f_0 = 10 \text{ Hz}$		10.3	18.0	nV√Hz
		$f_0 = 100 \text{ Hz}^3$		10.0	13.0	nV√Hz
		$f_0 = 1 \text{ kHz}$		9.6	11.0	nV√Hz
Input Noise Current	I _n p-p			14	30	pA p-p
Input Noise Current Density	In	$f_0 = 10 \text{ Hz}$		0.32	0.80	pA√Hz
		$f_0 = 100 \text{ Hz}^3$		0.14	0.23	pA√Hz
		$f_0 = 1 \text{ kHz}$		0.12	0.17	pA√Hz
Input Resistance—Differential Mode ⁴	R _{IN}		15	50		mΩ
Input Resistance—Common-Mode	R _{INCM}			160		GΩ
Input Voltage Range	IVR		±13	± 14		V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{CM} = \pm 13 V$	106	123		dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{\rm S} = \pm 3 \text{ V}$ to $\pm 18 \text{ V}$		5	20	$\mu V/V$
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	A _{VO}	$R_L \ge 2 \ k\Omega$, $V_O = \pm 10 \ V$	200	500		V/mV
		$R_{\rm L} \ge 500 \ \Omega, V_{\rm O} = \pm 0.5 \ V,$				
		$V_S = \pm 3 V^4$	150	400		V/mV
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage Swing	Vo	$R_L \ge 10 \ k\Omega$	±12.5	±13.0		V
		$R_L \ge 2 \ k\Omega$	±12.0	± 12.8		V
		$R_L \ge 1 \ k\Omega$	±10.5	± 12.0		V
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE						
Slew Rate	SR	$R_L \ge 2 \ k\Omega^3$	0.1	0.3		V/µs
Closed-Loop Bandwidth	BW	$A_{VOL} = 1^5$	0.4	0.6		MHz
Closed-Loop Output Resistance	R _O	$V_0 = 0, I_0 = 0$		60		Ω
Power Consumption	P _d	$V_{\rm S} = \pm 15$ V, No Load		75	120	mW
F	u	$V_8 = \pm 13$ V, No Load		4	6	mW
Offset Adjustment Range		$R_{\rm P} = 20 \ \rm k\Omega$		± 4	-	mV

NOTES

¹Input offset voltage measurements are performed by automated test equipment approximately 0.5 seconds after application of power. ²Long-term input offset voltage stability refers to the averaged trend time of VOS vs. Time over extended periods after the first 30 days of operation. Excluding the initial hour of operation, changes in VOS during the first 30 operating days are typically 2.5 µV refer to the typical performance curves. Parameter is sample tested. ³Sample tested.

⁴Guaranteed by design.

⁵Guaranteed but not tested.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

OP07

OP07C ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_s = \pm 15 V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Input Offset Voltage ¹	Vos			60	150	μV
Long-Term V _{OS} Stability ²	V _{OS} /Time			0.4	2.0	μV/Mo
Input Offset Current	I _{OS}			0.8	6.0	nA
Input Bias Current	I _B			± 1.8	± 7.0	nA
Input Noise Voltage	e _n p-p	$0.1 \text{ Hz to } 10 \text{ Hz}^3$		0.38	0.65	μV p-p
Input Noise Voltage Density	en	$f_0 = 10 \text{ Hz}$		10.5	20.0	nV√Hz
		$f_0 = 100 \text{ Hz}^3$		10.2	13.5	nV√Hz
		$f_0 = 1 \text{ kHz}$		9.8	11.5	nV√Hz
Input Noise Current	I _n p-p			15	35	pA <u>p-p</u>
Input Noise Current Density	In	$f_0 = 10 \text{ Hz}$		0.35	0.90	pA√Hz
		$f_0 = 100 \text{ Hz}^3$		0.15	0.27	pA√Hz
		$f_0 = 1 \text{ kHz}$		0.13	0.18	pA√Hz
Input Resistance- Differential Mode ⁴	R _{IN}		8	33		mΩ
Input Resistance- Common-Mode	R _{INCM}			120		GΩ
Input Voltage Range	IVR		±13	±14		V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{CM} = \pm 13 V$	100	120		dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_s = \pm 3 V \text{ to } \pm 18 V$	100	7	32	μV/V
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	A_{VO}	$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega, V_O = \pm 10 V$	120	400		V/mV
		$R_{\rm L} \ge 500 \ \Omega, V_{\rm O} = \pm 0.5 \ V,$	100	100		T T/ T T
		$V_{\rm S} = \pm 3 \ V^4$	100	400		V/mV
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage Swing	Vo	$R_L \ge 10 \ k\Omega$	±12.0	± 13.0		V
		$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$	±11.5	± 12.8		V
		$R_L \ge 1 \ k\Omega$		±12.0		V
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE						
Slew Rate	SR	$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega^3$	0.1	0.3		V/µs
Closed-Loop Bandwidth	BW	$A_{VOL} = 1^5$	0.4	0.6		MHz
Closed-Loop Output Resistance	R _O	$V_0 = 0, I_0 = 0$		60		Ω
Power Consumption	P_d	$V_{\rm S} = \pm 15$ V, No Load		80	150	mW
-	-	$V_{\rm S} = \pm 13$ V, No Load		4	8	mW
Offset Adjustment Range		$R_{\rm P} = 20 \ \mathrm{k}\Omega$		± 4		mV

NOTES

¹Input offset voltage measurements are performed by automated test equipment approximately 0.5 seconds after application of power. ²Long-term input offset voltage stability refers to the averaged trend time of VOS vs. Time over extended periods after the first 30 days of operation. Excluding the initial hour of operation, changes in VOS during the first 30 operating days are typically 2.5 µV refer to the typical performance curves. Parameter is sample tested. ³Sample tested.

⁴Guaranteed by design.

⁵Guaranteed but not tested.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

OP07–SPECIFICATIONS

OP07E ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_s = \pm 15 V$, 0°C $\leq T_A \leq 70$ °C, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Input Offset Voltage ¹	Vos			45	130	μV
Voltage Drift without External Trim ²	TCV _{OS}			0.3	1.3	μV/°C
Voltage Drift with External Trim ³	TCV _{OSN}	$R_{\rm P} = 20 \ \rm k\Omega$		0.3	1.3	μV/°C
Input Offset Current	I _{OS}			0.9	5.3	nA
Input Offset Current Drift	TCIos			8	35	pA/°C
Input Bias Current	I _B			±1.5	±5.5	nA
Input Bias Current Drift	TCI _B			13	35	pA/°C
Input Voltage Range	IVR		±13	±13.5		V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{CM} = \pm 13 \text{ V}$	103	123		dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{\rm S} = \pm 3 \text{ V}$ to $\pm 18 \text{ V}$		7	32	μV/V
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	A _{VO}	$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$, $V_O = \pm 10 V$	180	450		V/mV
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage Swing	Vo	$R_L \ge 10 \ k\Omega$	±12	± 12.6		V

NOTES

¹Input offset voltage measurements are performed by automated test equipment approximately 0.5 seconds after application of power.

²Guaranteed by design.

³Sample tested.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

OP07C ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_s = ± 15 V, $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ C,$ unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Input Offset Voltage ¹	Vos			85	250	μV
Voltage Drift without External Trim ²	TCV _{OS}			0.5	1.8	μV/°C
Voltage Drift with External Trim ³	TCV _{OSN}	$R_{\rm P} = 20 \ \rm k\Omega$		0.4	1.8	μV/°C
Input Offset Current	I _{OS}			1.6	8.0	nA
Input Offset Current Drift	TCIos			12	50	pA/°C
Input Bias Current	I _B			± 2.2	± 9.0	nA
Input Bias Current Drift	TCI _B			18	50	pA/°C
Input Voltage Range	IVR		±13	±13.5		V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{CM} = \pm 13 V$	97	120		dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{\rm S} = \pm 3 \text{ V}$ to $\pm 18 \text{ V}$		10	51	μV/V
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	A _{VO}	$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$, $V_O = \pm 10 V$	100	400		V/mV
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage Swing	Vo	$R_L \ge 10 \ k\Omega$	±11	±12.6		V

NOTES

¹Input offset voltage measurements are performed by automated test equipment approximately 0.5 seconds after application of power.

²Guaranteed by design.

³Sample tested.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Supply Voltage (V _S)
Input Voltage* ±22 V
Differential Input Voltage ±30 V
Output Short-Circuit Duration Indefinite
Storage Temperature Range
S, P Packages65°C to +125°C
Operating Temperature Range
OP07E 0°C to 70°C
OP07C
Junction Temperature Range
Lead Temperature Range (Soldering, 60 sec) 300°C

*For supply voltages less than ±22 V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal

Package Type	θ_{JA}^*	θ _{JC}	Units
8-Lead Plastic DIP (P)	103	43	°C/W
8-Lead SOIC (S)	158	43	°C/W

* θ_{JA} is specified for worst case conditions, i.e., θ_{JA} is specified for device in socket for P-DIP package, θ_{JA} is specified for device soldered to printed circuit board for SO package.

ORDERING GUIDE

Model	Temperature Range	Package Description	Package Option	Branding Information
OP07EP	0°C to 70°C	8-Lead Epoxy DIP	P-8	
OP07CP	–40°C to 85°C	8-Lead Epoxy DIP	P-8	
OP07CS	–40°C to 85°C	8-Lead SOIC	S-8	

CAUTION-

to the supply voltage.

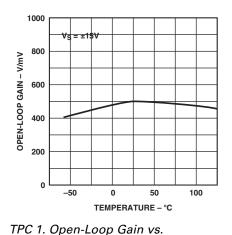
ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although the OP07 features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high-energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.



OP07 – Typical Performance Characteristics

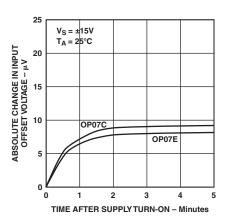
30

 $V_S = \pm 15V$

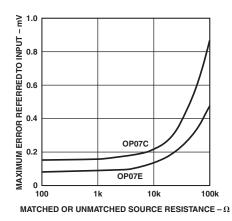


 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C, T$ = 70°¢ 25 ABSOLUTE CHANGE IN INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE – μ V 20 15 THERMAL SHOCK RESPONSE BAND 10 DEVICE IMMERSED 5 0 20 40 60 80 100 -20 0 TIME - s

TPC 2. Offset Voltage Change Due to Thermal Shock

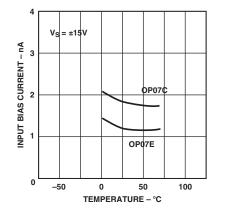


TPC 3. Warm-Up Drift

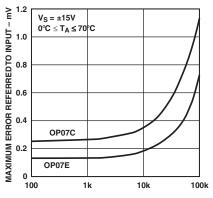


TPC 4. Maximum Error vs. Source Resistance

Temperature

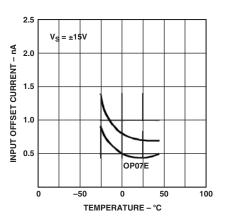


TPC 7. Input Bias Current vs. Temperature

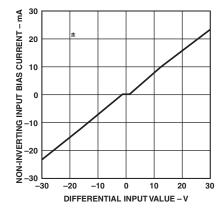


MATCHED OR UNMATCHED SOURCE RESISTANCE – Ω

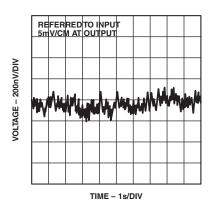
TPC 5. Maximum Error vs. Source Resistance



TPC 8. Input Offset Current vs. Temperature

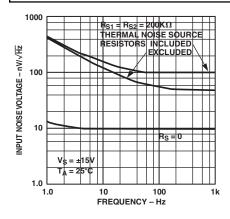


TPC 6. Input Bias Current vs. Differential Input Voltage

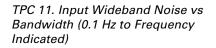


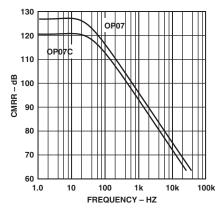
TPC 9. Low Frequency Noise

OP07

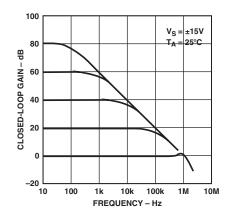


TPC 10. Total Input Noise Voltage vs. Frequency

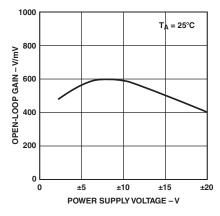




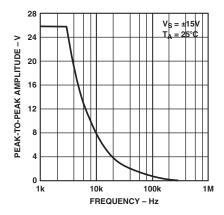
TPC 13. PSRR vs. Frequency



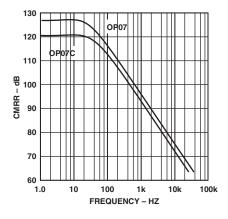
TPC 16. Closed-Loop Response for Various Gain Configurations



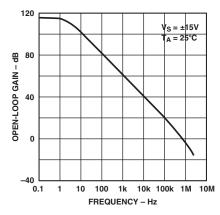
TPC 14. Open-Loop Gain vs Power Supply Voltage



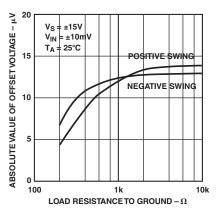
TPC 17. Maximum Output Swing vs. Frequency



TPC 12. CMRR vs. Frequency

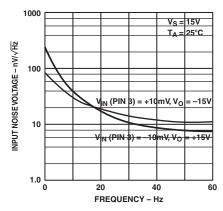


TPC 15. Open-Loop Frequency Response

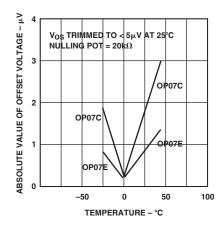


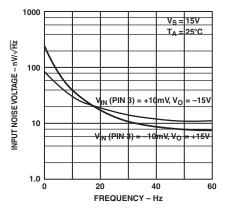
TPC 18. Maximum Output Voltage vs. Load Resistance

0P07

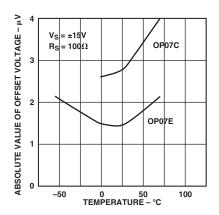


TPC 19. Power Consumption vs. Power Supply

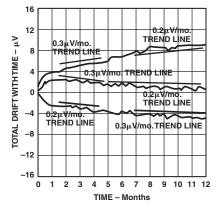




TPC 20. Output Short-Circuit Current vs. Time



TPC 21. Untrimmed Offset Voltage vs. Temperature



TPC 22. Trimmed Offset Voltage vs. Temperature

TPC 23. Offset Voltage Stability vs. Time

OP07

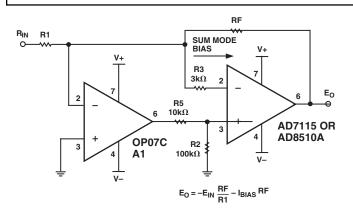


Figure 2. Typical Offset Voltage Test Circuit

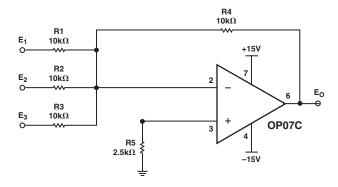


Figure 3. Typical Low-Frequency Noise Circuit

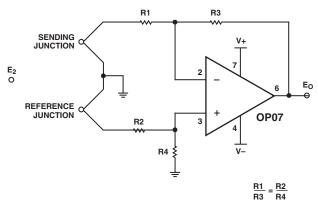
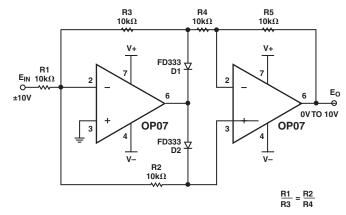
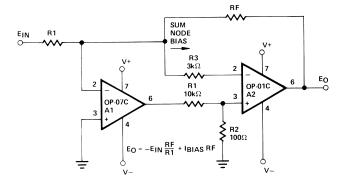


Figure 4. Optional Offset Nulling Circuit

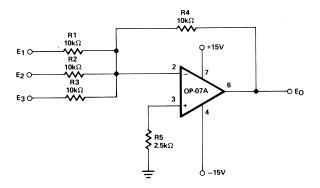






PINOUTS SHOWN FOR J, P, AND Z PACKAGES

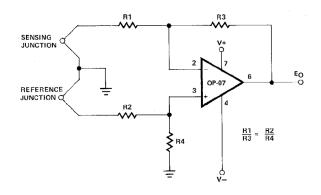
Figure 6. High-Speed, Low VOS Composite Amplifier



PINOUTS SHOWN FOR J, P, AND Z PACKAGES

Figure 7. Adjustment-Free Precision Summing Amplifier

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS



PINOUTS SHOWN FOR J, P, AND Z PACKAGES

Figure 8. High-Stability Thermocouple Amplifier

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

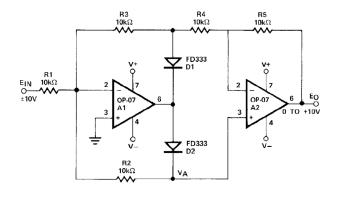
OP07 series units may be substituted directly into 725, 108A/ 308A* and OP05 sockets with or without removal of external compensation or nulling components. Additionally, the OP07 may be used in unnulled 741 type sockets. However, if conventional 741 nulling circuitry is in use, it should be modified or removed to enable proper OP07 operation. OP07 offset voltage may be nulled to zero through use of a potentiometer (see offset nulling circuit diagram).

PRECISION ABSOLUTE-VALUE CIRCUIT

The OP07 provides stable operation with load capacitance of up to 500 pF and ± 10 V swings; larger capacitances should be decoupled with a 50 Q decoupling resistor.

Stray thermoelectric voltages generated by dissimilar metals at the contacts to the input terminals can degrade drift performance. Therefore, best operation will be obtained when both input contacts are maintained at the same temperature, preferably close to the package temperature.

*TO-99 Package only

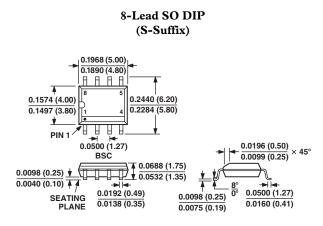


PINOUTS SHOWN FOR J, P, AND Z PACKAGES

Figure 9. Precision Absolute-Value Circuit

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

Dimensions shown in inches and (mm).



Revision History

Location Page
Data Sheet changed from REV. 0 to REV. A.
Edits to FEATURES
Edits to ORDERING GUIDE
Edits to PIN CONNECTION drawings
Edits to ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS 2
Deleted ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
Deleted OP07D Column from ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
Edits to TPCs
Edits to HIGH-SPEED, LOW V _{OS} COMPOSITE AMPLIFIER

C00316-0-2/02(A)